Amendment and Response Applicant: Francisco Corella

Serial No.: 09/483,185 Filed: January 14, 2000 Docket No.: 10991054-1

Title: AUTHORIZATION INFRASTRUCTURE BASED ON PUBLIC KEY CRYPTOGRAPHY

IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend claims 4, 7, and 19 as follows:

1. (Original) A public key authorization infrastructure comprising:

a client program accessible by a user;

an application program;

a certificate authority issuing a long-term public key identity certificate (long-term certificate) that binds a public key of the user to long-term identification information related to the user;

a directory for storing short-term authorization information related to the user; and a credentials server for issuing a short-term public key credential certificate (short-term certificate) to the client, the short-term certificate binds the public key of the user to the long-term identification information related to the user from the long term certificate and to the short-term authorization information related to the user from the directory, wherein the client program presents the short-term certificate to the application program for authorization and demonstrates that the user has knowledge of a private key corresponding to the public key in the short-term certificate.

- 2. (Original) The public key authorization infrastructure of claim 1 wherein the short-term certificate includes an expiration date/time.
- 3. (Original) The public key authorization infrastructure of claim 2 wherein a validity period from when the credentials server issues the short-term certificate to the expiration date/time is sufficiently short such that the short-term certificate does not need to be subject to revocation.

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4. (Currently Amended) The public key authorization infrastructure of claim 2 further comprising:

includes a certificate revocation list (CRL), wherein the expiration date/time of the short-term certificate is no later than a date/time at which a next CRL is scheduled.

- 5. (Original) The public key authorization infrastructure of claim 2 wherein the short-term certificate is not subject to revocation.
- 6. (Original) The public key authorization infrastructure of claim 1 wherein the short-term certificate is a non-structured short-term certificate.
- 7. (Currently Amended) The public key authorization infrastructure of claim 1 further comprising:

a second application program; and

wherein the short-term certificate is a structured short-term certificate including:

a first folder corresponding to the first named application program and containing long-term information and short-term information as required by the first named application program;

a second folder corresponding to the second application program and containing long-term information and short-term information as required by the second application; <u>and</u>

wherein the first folder is open and the second folder is closed when the client presents the short-term certificate to the first named application program for authorization, wherein closing the second folder makes its contents not readable by the first named application program; and.

wherein the first folder is closed and the second folder is open when the client presents the short term certificate to the second application program for authorization,

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wherein closing the first folder makes its contents not readable by the second application program.

8. (Original) The public key authorization infrastructure of claim 1 wherein the short-term certificate is an X.509v3 certificate.

9. (Original) The public key authorization infrastructure of claim 7 wherein the first folder and the second folder are implemented as extension fields of an X.509v3 certificate.

10. (Original) The public key authorization infrastructure of claim 1 wherein the directory further stores the issued long-term certificate.

11. (Original) The public key authorization infrastructure of claim 1 wherein the private key is stored in a smartcard accessible by the client program.

24

12. (Original) The public key authorization infrastructure of claim 1 wherein the private key is stored in a secure software wallet accessible by the client program.

13. (Original) A method of authorizing a user, the method comprising the steps of: issuing a long-term public key identity certificate (long-term certificate) that binds a public key of the user to long-term identification information related to the user;

storing short-term authorization information related to the user;

issuing a short-term public key credential certificate (short-term certificate) that binds the public key of the user to the long-term identification information related to the user contained in the long-term certificate and to the short-term authorization information related to the user; and

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presenting the short-term certificate on behalf of the user to an application program for authorization and demonstrating that the user has knowledge of a private key corresponding to the public key in the short-term certificate.

- 14. (Original) The method of claim 13 wherein the short-term certificate includes an expiration date/time.
- 15. (Original) The method of claim 14 wherein a validity period from when the short-term certificate is issued to the expiration date/time is sufficiently short such that the short-term certificate does not need to be subject to revocation.
- 16. (Original) The method of claim 14 further comprising the step of: maintaining a certificate revocation list (CRL), wherein the expiration date/time of the short-term certificate is no later than a time at which the next CRL is scheduled.
- 17. (Original) The method of claim 14 wherein the short-term certificate is not subject to revocation.
- 18. (Original) The method of claim 13 wherein the short-term certificate is a non-structured short-term certificate.
- 19. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 13 wherein the short-term certificate is a structured short-term certificate including a first folder corresponding to the first named application program and containing long-term information and short-term information as required by the first named application program, and including a second folder corresponding to a second application program and containing long-term information and short-term

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information as required by the second application, wherein the method further comprises-the steps of:

closing the second folder and leaving the first folder open prior to the presenting step if the presenting step presents the short-term certificate to the first named application program for authorization, wherein closing the second folder makes its contents not readable by the first named application program; and ——closing the first folder and leaving the second folder open prior to the presenting step if the presenting step presents the short-term certificate to the second application program for authorization, wherein closing the first folder makes its contents not readable by the second application program.

- 20. (Original) The method of claim 13 wherein the short-term certificate is an X.509v3 certificate.
- 21. (Original) The method of claim 19 wherein the first folder and the second folder are implemented as extension fields of an X.509v3 certificate.
- 22. (Original) The method of claim 13 wherein the method further comprises the step of: storing the issued long-term certificate in a directory.
- 23. (Original) The method of claim 13 further comprising the step of: storing the private key in a smartcard.
- 24. (Original) The method of claim 13 further comprising the step of: storing the private key in a secure software wallet.